

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA
NORTHERN DIVISION

COURTNEY ROMERIZ ROGERS,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
v.)	CASE NO. 2:18-CV-1031-WKW-CSC
)	[WO]
STEVEN ASHLEY,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Plaintiff, an inmate proceeding *pro se*, filed this 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action on December 11, 2018. On January 25, 2019, the Court entered an Order of Procedure. Doc. 6. The Order directed Defendants to file an answer and written report and directed Plaintiff he must immediately inform the Court of any new address and that failure to do so within ten (10) days following any change of address would result in the dismissal of this action. Doc. 6 at 3, ¶7.

It recently came to the Court's attention that Plaintiff is no longer at the last address he provided for service.¹ Accordingly, the Court entered an Order on May 10, 2021, requiring that by May 20, 2021, Plaintiff file with the Court a current address or show cause why this case should not be dismissed for his failure to adequately prosecute this action.

¹The last address provided to the court by Plaintiff is the Autauga Metro Jail in Prattville, Alabama. Court records reflect that Plaintiff's copies of the Order and Final Judgment entered in *Rogers v Booth*, Case No. 2; 21-cv-27-WHA-CSC (M.D. Ala. 2021), and mailed to Plaintiff on March 17, 2021, at the Autauga Metro Jail, were returned to the Court on March 29, 2021, marked as undeliverable because Plaintiff is no longer incarcerated at the jail.

Doc. 17. This Order specifically advised Plaintiff this case could not proceed if his whereabouts remained unknown and cautioned him his failure to comply with its directives would result in the dismissal of this case. *Id.* Plaintiff's copy of the May 10, 2021, Order was returned to the Court May 24, 2021, marked as undeliverable. The Court therefore concludes this case should be dismissed.

The Court has reviewed the file to determine whether a measure less drastic than dismissal is appropriate. *See Abreu-Velez v. Board of Regents of Univ. System of Georgia*, 248 F. App'x 116, 117–18 (11th Cir. 2007). After such review, the Court finds dismissal of this case is the proper course of action. First, the administration of this case cannot properly proceed in Plaintiff's absence. Next, it appears Plaintiff is no longer interested in the prosecution of this case as he has failed to comply with the orders of the Court. Finally, under the circumstances of this case, any additional effort by this Court to secure Plaintiff's compliance would be unavailing and a waste of this Court's scarce judicial resources. Consequently, the undersigned concludes this case is due to be dismissed. *See Moon v. Newsome*, 863 F.2d 835, 837 (11th Cir. 1989) (holding that, as a general rule, where a litigant has been forewarned dismissal for failure to obey a court order is not an abuse of discretion.). The authority of courts to impose sanctions for failure to prosecute or obey an order is longstanding and acknowledged by Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. *See Link v. Wabash R.R. Co.*, 370 U.S. 626, 629–30 (1962). This authority empowers the courts "to manage their own affairs so as to achieve the orderly and expeditious disposition of cases." *Id.* at 630–31; *Mingo v. Sugar Cane Growers Co-Op of Fla.*, 864 F.2d 101, 102 (11th Cir. 1989) (observing that a "district court possesses the

inherent power to police its docket.”). “The sanctions imposed [upon dilatory litigants] can range from a simple reprimand to an order dismissing the action with or without prejudice.” *Id.*

Accordingly, it is the RECOMMENDATION of the Magistrate Judge this case be DISMISSED without prejudice for Plaintiff’s failures to comply with the orders of the court and prosecute this action.

The parties may file an objection to the Recommendation **on or before June 15, 2021**. Any objection filed must specifically identify the factual findings and legal conclusions in the Magistrate Judge’s Recommendation to which a party objects. Frivolous, conclusive or general objections will not be considered by the District Court. This Recommendation is not a final order and, therefore, it is not appealable.

Failure to file a written objection to the proposed findings and recommendations in the Magistrate Judge’s report shall bar a party from a *de novo* determination by the District Court of factual findings and legal issues covered in the report and shall “waive the right to challenge on appeal the district court’s order based on unobjected-to factual and legal conclusions” except upon grounds of plain error if necessary in the interests of justice. 11TH Cir. R. 3-1; *see Resolution Trust Co. v. Hallmark Builders, Inc.*, 996 F.2d 1144, 1149 (11th Cir. 1993); *Henley v. Johnson*, 885 F.2d 790, 794 (11th Cir. 1989).

Done, this 1st day of June 2021.

/s/ Charles S. Coody
CHARLES S. COODY
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE